Remembering Dr Atai Omoruto







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The World Organization of Family Doctors (WONCA)





A source of inspiration and strength for us all

Dr. Atai Omoruto

ATAI AMORUTO

- Ugandan family physician and executive member WWPWFM & Wonca OEC
- Pioneer development of family medicine training in Uganda
- WHO team lead to Liberia to assist with Ebola containment
- Wonca 2016 five star award
- Philanthropist
- Died May 2016





Atai: WHO team in Liberia

- Dr Atai setup systems to treat those affected by Ebola
- Facilitated the training of local health care workers.
- Named by WHO as one of the 11 most important contributors to tackling the Ebola crisis in Liberia.







Remember Atai!



Donate to a bursary in her name which will support other African women

doctors to attend WONCA conferences and learn to lead

1. Go to <u>www.Paypal.com</u>

- 2. Log-in or sing up to get Paypal account first
- 2. Click "Money" on the top bar
- 3. Choose "Send or request payments"
- 4. Choose "Pay for goods or services"
- 5. Put Email of "<u>ceo@wonca.net</u>" then click Next

6. Enter the amount in US Dollars, mark that this is for "ATAI BURSARY" or "ATAI FUND" and send the money

7. Cash donations during this meeting also very welcome.



Family Medicine - Key to Effective Health Care Delivery in Africa.





The African family & communities







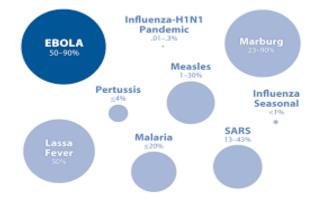






Africa Profile













Social Determinants of Health in Africa





social norms

work settings neighborhoods literacy early childhood development access to healthcare job training public safety social support access to nature Social Determinants of Health

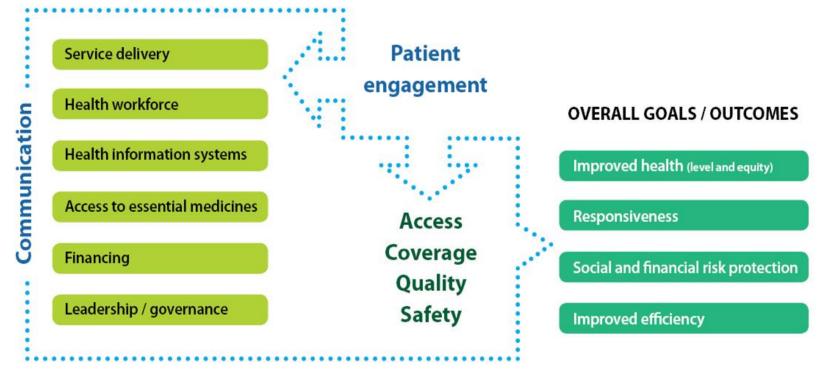
food security built environment socioeconomic status housing design transportation food security economic stability physical barriers education food availability safe housing







SYSTEM BUILDING BLOCKS



Lazarus & France, 2014

Problems with Health Systems in Africa

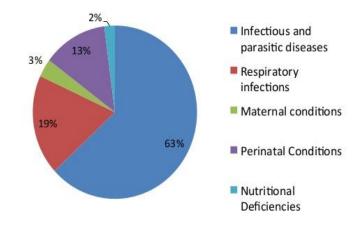
- Fragmented and impoverish care
- Inadequate health workforce
- Inadequate finance
- Weak medical supply chain
- Weak structure of health information system
- Weak governance/political support



Burden of diseases:

- •HIV, TB, Malaria
- •Resurgent, re-emerging infectious diseases
- •Discrepancy between the high burden of diseases and available health care workers

Global Burden of Disease, Reported Mortality by Cause: <u>Communicable Diseases excluding HIV/</u> <u>AIDS</u>, Africa Region



Source: World Health Report, 2013; Disease Control Priorities Project, 2006; IHME, 2012

Burden of diseases: HIV



Sub-Saharan Africa (2013) 24.7 million people living with HIV 4.7% adult HIV prevalence 1.5 million new HIV infections 1.1 million AIDS-related deaths **39%** adults on antiretroviral treatment

Source: UNAIDS Gap Report 2014

Health Indicators in Africa

- Life expectancy: M:60 F:57
- IMR: 55/1000 live births
- Under-5: 81/100,000 live births
- MMR: 546/100,000 births



Implications

- Urgent Need for Health Reforms
- Mounting evidence of cost-effectiveness of health systems based on primary care.

Family Medicine in Africa: Who are we?

Family Medicine is the science underlying family practice/primary medical care.



Where are we...

- Homes, communities, clinics, and hospitals
- Rural, suburban, and urban environments
- Solo, medium, and large group practices
- Public, nongovernmental, and private health systems



Core Principles of African Family Medicine

- Comprehensive, coordinated care.
- Person-centred, family and community-oriented.
- First-contact care
- Interface between population and individual health.



Effective Health Systems

"A well-functioning health system working in harmony is built on having trained and motivated health workers, a well-maintained infrastructure, and a reliable supply of medicines and technologies, backed by adequate funding, strong health plans and evidence-based policies". WHO, 2008



Family Medicine: Key to Effective health systems in Africa.

- Coordinated care
- Cost- effective
- Community-based health care services
- Leadership
- Develop critical mass of Health workforce

Family Medicine Training sites in Africa



- Residency training with board certification
- University based master's program

Wonca Africa Activities

•Working with Member Organizations

•Collaboration with WHO/International institutions & national governments

•Support member participation in Wonca WP/SIGs

Wonca Member Organizations' activities





Family Medicine in Malawi



WHO collaboration





Working with national government



Wonca Women Contributing to Africa health Systems

- Service delivery:

 community oriented primary care
 Infectious diseases prevention and control: HIV, Ebola
 MCH
- Health workforce
- Leadership







FM Partnerships



World Health Organization

The World Organization of Family Doctors (WONCA)



Global Health through Education, Training and Service (GHETS)



THE NETWORK TOWARDS UNITY FOR HEALTH

WHO Collaborating Centre on PHC





Vakgroep Huisartsgeneeskunde en Eerstelijnsgezondheidszorg

Medical Education Partnership Initiative





STEPUP UGANDA SUSTAIN, TRAIN, EDUCATE, PROMOTE



Future of Africa Family Medicine

Strong coalition with all primary care stakeholders





Proposed Partnership with Wonca World & other regionsTwinning program

South-South collaboration

• Harmonization of standards/protocol

Conclusion

Family Medicine is the key to strengthening health systems in Africa.

Let's work together to make this a reality!

